

Screening Schedule

- USPSTF screening

USPSTF screening

Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm: Screening:

- The USPSTF recommends 1-time screening for abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) with ultrasonography in men aged 65 to 75 years who have ever smoked.

Asymptomatic Bacteriuria in Adults: Screening: pregnant persons

- The USPSTF recommends screening for asymptomatic bacteriuria using urine culture in pregnant persons.

Breast Cancer: Screening: women aged 50 to 74 years

- The USPSTF recommends biennial screening mammography for women aged 50 to 74 years.

Cervical Cancer: Screening: women aged 21 to 65 years

- The USPSTF recommends screening for cervical cancer every 3 years with cervical cytology alone in women aged 21 to 29 years. For women aged 30 to 65 years, the USPSTF recommends screening every 3 years with cervical cytology alone, every 5 years with high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing alone, or every 5 years with hrHPV testing in combination with cytology (cotesting).

Chlamydia and Gonorrhea: Screening: sexually active women, including pregnant persons

- The USPSTF recommends screening for chlamydia in all sexually active women 24 years or younger and in women 25 years or older who are at increased risk for infection.

Colorectal Cancer:

- The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer in adults aged 45 to 75 years.

Depression screening:

- The USPSTF recommends screening for depression in the general adult population, including pregnant and postpartum women.
- The USPSTF recommends screening for major depressive disorder (MDD) in adolescents aged 12 to 18 years.

Gestational Diabetes: Screening:

- The USPSTF recommends screening for gestational diabetes in asymptomatic pregnant persons at 24 weeks of gestation or after.

Hepatitis B Virus Infection in Adolescents and Adults:

- The USPSTF recommends screening for hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in adolescents and adults at increased risk for infection.
- The USPSTF recommends screening for hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in pregnant women at their first prenatal visit

Hepatitis C Virus Infection in Adolescents and Adults

- The USPSTF recommends screening for hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection in adults aged 18 to 79 years.

Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Infection:

- The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen for HIV infection in adolescents and adults aged 15 to 65 years.
- The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen for HIV infection in all pregnant persons, including those who present in labor or at delivery whose HIV status is unknown.

Hypertension in Adults: Screening: adults 18 years or older without known hypertension

- The USPSTF recommends screening for hypertension in adults 18 years or older with office blood pressure measurement (OBPM).

Intimate Partner Violence, Elder Abuse, and Abuse of Vulnerable Adults: Screening: women of reproductive age

- The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen for intimate partner violence (IPV) in women of reproductive age and provide or refer women who screen positive to ongoing support services.

Lung Cancer: Screening:

- The USPSTF recommends annual screening for lung cancer with low-dose computed tomography (LDCT) in adults aged 50 to 80 years who have a 20 pack-year smoking history and currently smoke or have quit within the past 15 years. Screening should be discontinued once a person has not smoked for 15 years or develops a health problem that substantially limits life expectancy or the ability or willingness to have curative lung surgery.

Osteoporosis to Prevent Fractures: Screening: women 65 years and older

- The USPSTF recommends screening for osteoporosis with bone measurement testing to prevent osteoporotic fractures in women 65 years and older.

Prediabetes and Type 2 Diabetes:

- The USPSTF recommends screening for prediabetes and type 2 diabetes in adults aged 35 to 70 years who have overweight or obesity.